3,3'-DIMETHOXYBENZIDINE (ortho-DIANISIDINE) (Group 2B)

A. Evidence for carcinogenicity to humans (inadequate)

3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine (together with 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine [see p. 193] and orthotoluidine [see p. 362]) has been prepared in the same plants as benzidine (see p. 123) and may therefore have contributed to the bladder cancer risk associated with benzidine. No case is on record in the USSR of an occupational urinary bladder neoplasm produced solely by this compound².

B. Evidence for carcinogenicity to animals (sufficient)

Following its oral administration, 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine produced tumours in rats at various sites, including the bladder, intestine, skin and Zymbal gland; it produced forestomach papillomas in hamsters³.

C. Other relevant data

3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine has been found in the urine of workers exposed to it3.

No data were available on the genetic and related effects of 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine in humans. It induced sister chromatid exchanges in Chinese hamster cells *in vitro* and unscheduled DNA synthesis in human cells and rat hepatocytes *in vitro*. It was mutagenic to bacteria⁴.

References

¹Clayson, D.B. (1976) Occupational bladder cancer. Prev. Med., 5, 228-244

²Genin, V.A. (1974) Hygienic assessment of dianisidine-sulphate production from standpoint of carcinogenous hazard for workers (Russ.). Gig. Tr. prof. Zabol., 6, 18-22

³IARC Monographs, 4, 41-47, 1974

⁴IARC Monographs, Suppl. 6, 262-263, 1987